

Calculus AB

P-2

Linear Models and Rates of Change

Slope - $m = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \tan \theta$

Slope/Intercept form of a line -
 $y = mx + b$
↳ Slope
↳ y-intercept place where the line crosses the y-axis starting point

Find the slope of the line passing through them. (pg 16)

9) (3, -4), (5, 2)

$$m = \frac{-4 - 2}{3 - 5} = \frac{-6}{-2} = 3$$

Find the slope and the y-intercept of the line.

25) $x + 5y = 20$

$$5y = -x + 20$$
$$y = -\frac{1}{5}x + 4$$

$$m = -\frac{1}{5}$$
$$b = 4$$

$$\frac{-x + 20}{5}$$
$$-\frac{x}{5} + \frac{20}{5}$$

Find the equation of the line that passes through the points, and sketch the line.

39) (2, 8), (5, 0)

$$m = \frac{8 - 0}{2 - 5} = -\frac{8}{3}$$

$$y = -\frac{8}{3}x + b$$

$$0 = -\frac{8}{3}(5) + b$$

$$b = \frac{40}{3}$$

$$y = -\frac{8}{3}x + \frac{40}{3}$$

Write an equation of the line through the point (a) parallel to the given line and (b) perpendicular to the given line.

63) (2, 1) $4x - 2y = 3$

$$4x - 3 = 2y$$

$$2x - \frac{3}{2} = y$$

$$m = 2$$

$$\perp m = -\frac{1}{2}$$

|| $m = 2$

$$y = 2x + b$$

$$1 = 2(2) + b$$

$$-3 = b$$

$$y = 2x - 3$$

↳ same slope

↳ opposite reciprocal

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x + b$$

$$1 = -\frac{1}{2}(2) + b$$

$$2 = b$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$$

Assignment:

Pg. 16

1 - 6 all

10 - 14 even

24 - 44 even

52 - 58 even

62 - 66 even

79, 80, 82